

Term End Examination- December 2018
Programme Title : Rural Development - CRD/DRD/ADRD/PGDRD
Course Title : Rural Society
Course Code : RD - 01/DRD-01

Time- 3 hours
Full Marks-100

Answer all questions from Group – ‘A’, any four questions from Group – ‘B’, any four questions from Group – ‘C’ and any two questions from Group - ‘D’

‘କ’ ବିଭାଗରୁ ସମସ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ, ‘ଖ’ ବିଭାଗରୁ ଯେକୋଣସି ୪ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ, ‘ଗ’ ବିଭାଗରୁ ଯେକୋଣସି ୪ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ ଓ ‘ଘ’ ବିଭାଗରୁ ଯେକୋଣସି ୨ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଦିଆ ।

Group – ‘A’
‘କ’ ବିଭାଗ
(Answers all questions)
ସମସ୍ତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ ।

Multiple choice questions : Marks : $1 \times 10 = 10$

Q.No.1

a) Who has given the concept of rural-urban continuum?

ଗ୍ରାମ-ସହର ବୈଷମ୍ୟ ସଂପର୍କୀୟ ଧାରଣା କିଏ ଦେଇଥିଲେ ?

a. G.S. Ghurye b. Robert Redford c. A.R. Desai d. I.P. Desai

(କ) ଜି.ସ୍.ଗୁର୍ଯ୍ୟ (ଖ) ରୋବର୍ଟ ରେଡ଼ଫେର୍ଡ (ଗ) ଏ.ଆର୍ ଦେଶାଇ (ଘ) ଆଇ.ପି. ଦେଶାଇ

b) Name the author of the book “History of Human Marriage”.

“ହୃଦୀ ଅପ୍ ହ୍ୟୁମାନ୍-ମ୍ୟାରେଜ୍” ଗ୍ରନ୍ତର ରଚୟିତା କିଏ ?

a. Malinowski b. Edward Westermarck c. I.P. Desai d. A.R. Desai

(କ) ମାଲିନୋସକି (ଖ) ଏଡ୍ରେମାର୍କ ହ୍ୟୁମର୍ମାର୍କ (ଗ) ଇ.ପି.ଦେଶାଇ (ଘ) ଏ.ଆର୍. ଦେଶାଇ

c) Who is the author of the book “Methods in Social Research” ?

“ମେଥ୍ଡ୍ ଅପ୍ ସୋସିଆଲ୍ ରିସର୍ଚ୍” ର ରଚୟିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ କ’ଣ ?

a. Goode and Hatt b. P.V. Young c. S.R. Bajpai d. Malinowski

(କ) ଗୁଡ୍ ଏନ୍ଡ ହାଟ (ଖ) ପି.ଭି. ଯଙ୍କ (ଗ) ଏପ୍ ଏର. ବାଜପାୟୀ (ଘ) ମାଲିନୋସକି

d) People to whom jajmani services are offered are called _____.

ଯଜମାନୀ ସେବା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯାଉଥିବା ଲୋକଙ୍କୁ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

a. Kameen b. Jajmans c. Harijans d. Shudras

(କ) କାମୀନ (ଖ) ଜଜମାନୀ (ଗ) ହରିଜନ (ଘ) ଶୁଦ୍ର

e) Name the author of the book “A Systematic Source Book in Rural sociology”

“A Systematic Source Book in Rural Sociology” ଉକ୍ତ ପୁସ୍ତକର ରଚୟିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ ଲେଖ ।

- a. Nelson b. A.R. Desai c. Sorokin, Zimmerman and C.J Galpin d. G.Myrdal
 (ক) নেলসন (খ) এ.আর.দেশাই (গ) সোরোকিন, জিম্রেমান এবং সি.জি.গাল্পিন (ঘ) গি.মিরডাল
- f) Who said “Rural Sociology is the sociology of rural life in the rural environment”?
 ‘গ্রামীণ সমাজশাস্ত্র হি’ গ্রাম্য পরিবেশের গ্রাম্যজীবনের সমাজশাস্ত্র ’ – এ কথা কি এ কহিথে ?
 a. A.R Desai b. Sanderson c. F.S Chapin d. G.Myrdal
 (ক) এ.আর.দেশাই (খ) স্যান্ডেরসন (গ) এফ.এস. চেপিন (ঘ) গি.মিরডাল
- g) When a woman married her husband’s brother after the death of her husband it is known as levirate.
 যেতেবেলে জঙ্গ মহিলা স্বামীক মৃত্যুপরে তাঙ্ক ভাইকু বিবাহ করে, তাহাকু দিঅৱ বিবাহ কুহায়া।
 a. True b. False
 (ক) সত্য (খ) মিথ্যা
- h) _____ refers to the marriage within one’s own group such as within one’s own caste, sub-caste, Varna or tribe.
 নিজৰ গোষ্ঠী যথা নিজ জাতি, উপজাতি বৰ্ণ অথবা জনজাতি বিবাহকু _____ র অন্তৰ্ভুক্ত কুহায়া।
 a. Exogamy b. Anuloma c. Endogamy d. Levirate
 (ক) বহিৰ্বিবাহ (খ) অনুলোম (গ) বিগোত্ৰবিবাহ (ঘ) দিঅৱ বিবাহ
- i) The concept of Dominant Caste has been given by
 প্ৰধাবশালী জাতিৰ অবধাৰণা _____ ক দ্বাৰা প্ৰাদন কুহায়াকুলা।
 a. A.R. Desai b. M.N. Srinivas c.H.N. Majumdar d. I.P. Desai
 (ক) এ.আর. দেশাই (খ) এম.এন. শ্ৰীনিবাশ (গ) এচ.এন.মজুমদাৰ (ঘ) ই.পি.দেশাই
- j) The Census of India assigns a place with 5000 inhabitants as village community.
 কেৈশৰি গ্ৰামৰে ৫০০০ৰু অধূক লোক বসবাস কুথুলে ভাৱে জনগণনা সংশ্লা তাহাকু গোটিএ গ্রাম্য গোষ্ঠী স্থান ভাবৰে গ্ৰহণ কুহিথাএ।
 a. True b. False
 (ক) সত্য (খ) মিথ্যা

Group – ‘B’

‘খ’ বিভাগ

(Answer any four questions each within 50 words)

যেকৌশলি ৪টি প্ৰশ্নৰ উভৰ লেখ। (প্ৰত্যেকটি ৫০ শব্দ মাধ্যমে)

Q.No.2 Write short notes on:

Marks : $5 \times 4 = 20$

a) Probability sampling

সম্ভাব্য – নমুনাকুৱণ

b) Jajmani system

যজমানী প্ৰথা

c) Questionnaire method

প্ৰশ্নাবলী পদ্ধতি

d) Nature of Rural Sociology

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ସମାଜ ଶାସ୍ତ୍ର ପ୍ରକୃତି

e) Joint family

ଯୌଥ ପରିବାର

f) Concept of caste

ଜାତି ଅବଧାରଣା

Group -'C'

'ଗ' ବିଭାଗ

(Answer any four questions each within 200 words)

ସେକୋଣସି ୪ ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ । (ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକଟି ୨୦୦ ଶତ ମଧ୍ୟରେ)

Q.No.3

Marks : $10 \times 4 = 40$

a) Explain the merits and demerits of Observation.

ପର୍ଯ୍ୟବେକ୍ଷଣର ଭଲ ଓ ମଦ ଦିଗନୁଡ଼ିକ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

b) Discuss the features of caste system in rural India.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ଭାରତର ପ୍ରଚଳିତ ଜାତିପ୍ରଥାର ଗୁଣାବଳୀ ବିଷୟରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।

c) Define sampling. Describe the types of sampling in Social Research.

ନମୂନାକରଣର ସଂଙ୍ଗୀ ଲେଖ । ସାମାଜିକ ଗବେଷଣା କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ ନମୂନାକରଣର ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

d) Examine the changing features of village community in India.

ଭାରତରେ ଗ୍ରାମ୍ୟ ଗୋଷ୍ଠୀର ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନୀୟ ଗୁଣାବଳୀ ସଂପର୍କରେ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

e) Examine the nature and importance of Rural Sociology.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ସମାଜଶାସ୍ତ୍ରର ପ୍ରକୃତି ଓ ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

f) Distinguish between Interview and Schedule.

ସାକ୍ଷାତ୍କାର ଓ ଖେଳାଫଳ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟ ନିରୂପଣ କର ।

Group - 'D'

'ଘ' ବିଭାଗ

(Answer any two questions each within 250 words)

ସେକୋଣସି ୨ ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉଭର ଲେଖ । (ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକଟି ୨୫୦ ଶତ ମଧ୍ୟରେ)

Q.No.4 :

Marks : $15 \times 2 = 30$

a) Describe the changes found in the institution of family in rural India.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ଭାରତରେ ଥିବା ପାରିବାରିକ ଅନୁଷ୍ଠାନରେ ହେଉଥିବା ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

b) Describe the forms of marriage in rural setting.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ପୃଷ୍ଠପଙ୍କରେ ବିବାହର ବିବିଧ ରୂପ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

c) Describe the functions and dysfunctions of jajmani system in rural India.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ଭାରତରେ ପ୍ରଚଳିତ ଯଜମାନୀ ପ୍ରଥାର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀତା ଓ ଅସ୍ଵାଭାବିକତା ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କର ।

d) Discuss participatory rural appraisal method.

ଗ୍ରାମୀଣ ଅଂଶଗୁରୁତ୍ୱକାରୀ ମୂଲ୍ୟାଯନ ପଦ୍ଧତିର ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।

